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CHAPTER 477 - STATE FIRE MARSHAL

GENERAL PROVISIONS

<u>477.010</u>	Definitions.
<u>477.020</u>	"Alarm service" defined.
<u>477.025</u>	"Alarm signal" defined.
<u>477.030</u>	"Alter" and "alteration" defined.
<u>477.035</u>	"Annunciator" defined.
<u>477.040</u>	"Antifreeze system" defined.
<u>477.045</u>	"Approved" defined.
<u>477.050</u>	"Assembly" defined.
<u>477.052</u>	"Authority having jurisdiction" defined.
<u>477.055</u>	"Building" defined.
<u>477.060</u>	"Building official" defined.
<u>477.065</u>	"Certificate" and "certificate of registration" defined.
<u>477.070</u>	"Chief" defined.
<u>477.075</u>	"Chief of police" defined.
<u>477.077</u>	"Child care facility" defined.
<u>477.080</u>	"Combination paging alarm system" defined.
<u>477.085</u>	"Custodial care facility" defined.
<u>477.090</u>	"Dry system" defined.
<u>477.095</u>	"Dwelling" defined.
<u>477.100</u>	"Dwelling unit" defined.
<u>477.103</u>	"Fire extinguisher" defined.
<u>477.104</u>	"Fire system" defined.
<u>477.105</u>	"Fixed hood system" defined.
<u>477.110</u>	"Governing body" defined.
<u>477.115</u>	"Heating or cooking appliance" defined.
<u>477.125</u>	"Hydrostatic testing" defined.
<u>477.130</u>	"I.C.C. container" defined.
<u>477.135</u>	"Inspection" defined.
<u>477.137</u>	"Installer of medical gas systems" defined.
<u>477.138</u>	" <i>International Building Code</i> " defined.
<u>477.139</u>	" <i>International Fire Code</i> " defined.
<u>477.140</u>	"Jurisdiction" defined.
<u>477.146</u>	"License" defined.
<u>477.150</u>	"Maintenance" defined.
<u>477.155</u>	"N.F.P.A." defined.
<u>477.165</u>	"Owner" defined.
<u>477.170</u>	"Pipe" defined.
<u>477.172</u>	"Portable building" defined.
<u>477.175</u>	"Portable fire extinguisher" defined.
<u>477.180</u>	"Pre-engineered system" defined.
<u>477.185</u>	"Protective signaling system" defined.
<u>477.190</u>	"Protective systems, equipment or apparatus" defined.
<u>477.195</u>	"Recharging" defined.
<u>477.200</u>	"Registrant" defined.
<u>477.205</u>	"Restrained care facility" defined.
<u>477.210</u>	"Service" and "servicing" defined.
<u>477.215</u>	"Smoking" defined.
<u>477.220</u>	"Sprinkler system" defined.
<u>477.222</u>	"Standpipe system" defined.
<u>477.225</u>	"Supervisory service" defined.
<u>477.230</u>	"Supervisory signal" defined.
<u>477.235</u>	"System" defined.
<u>477.240</u>	"Trouble signal" defined.
<u>477.245</u>	"U.L." defined.

- (f) The weight full and empty.
- (g) The extinguishing agent.
- (h) The test pressure determined by the manufacturer.
- (i) The testing laboratory's listing label.
- (j) The freezing limits, if applicable.

↪ A label bearing this information must not be removed from the extinguisher except when it has failed to pass the tests or other requirements of this chapter.

[St. Fire Marshal, §§ 2.201-2.203, eff. 11-27-78]—(NAC A 1-19-84; 3-9-89; 2-17-94; R220-99, 9-25-2000; R062-04, 9-3-2004)

NAC 477.407 Advertising and sales: Fire extinguishers; devices for suppressing fire. (NRS 477.030)

1. A fire extinguisher not required by any code must be represented and advertised as not meeting the requirements for use where a fire extinguisher is required by any code, and misrepresentation is a ground for revocation of a license for the sale at retail of portable fire extinguishers.

2. A device for suppressing fire must not be sold or advertised as a fire extinguisher, provided as part of other sales, or represented, either orally or by written word, to be a fire extinguisher unless it meets the requirements for a fire extinguisher pursuant to this chapter.

(Added to NAC by St. Fire Marshal, 8-22-86, eff. 9-1-86; A by R220-99, 9-25-2000)

NAC 477.410 Installation, inspection, maintenance and repair; failure to comply. (NRS 477.030)

1. All installation, inspection, maintenance and repair of portable fire extinguishers and fixed extinguishing systems must be performed in accordance with N.F.P.A. 10, "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers," and N.F.P.A. 17 and 17A, 2002 editions, and the State Fire Marshal.

2. Regardless of exceptions contained in the N.F.P.A.'s applicable standards, all portable fire extinguishers except the carbon dioxide extinguishers, disposable extinguishers and Halon extinguishers must be recharged at least annually and whenever the service seal has been broken or an inspection indicates that the extinguisher might fail to function. For the recharging of any dry chemical type of extinguishment cylinder to be valid, the serviceman must date and initial with a permanent marking pen on the topmost exposed portion of the pick-up tube before reassembly and recharging. The date on the pick-up tube must correspond to the date on the exterior service tag. Failure to date and initial the pick-up tube is grounds for the immediate suspension or revocation of a certificate of registration. If possible, a collar tag ring as required by N.F.P.A. 10 or an alternate collar tag ring that is approved by the State Fire Marshal must be installed at the time the extinguisher is recharged or serviced.

3. Nitrogen or approved dry air must be used as expellant when recharging dry chemical type extinguishers unless the manufacturer recommends otherwise.

4. Before a fire extinguishing system using Halon is accepted, a test as referenced in N.F.P.A. Standard 11A must be performed and recorded.

5. Within 30 days before the date on which an extinguisher must be serviced, the owner of a portable fire extinguisher may enter into a verbal service agreement for the service of that extinguisher. Failure to comply with the provisions of this section by a person who holds a certificate of registration is a ground for the immediate suspension or revocation of the certificate of registration, and the person who holds the certificate of registration may be criminally or civilly liable for fraud.

[St. Fire Marshal, §§ 2.301-2.303, eff. 11-27-78]—(NAC A 1-19-84; 3-9-89; 2-17-94; R220-99, 9-25-2000; R062-04, 9-3-2004)

NAC 477.415 Hydrostatic testing. (NRS 477.030)

1. Each person who performs hydrostatic testing of fire extinguishers manufactured in accordance with the specifications of the United States Department of Transportation must do so in accordance with the procedure specified by that Department for compressed gas cylinders and must have been qualified by a test administered by the State Fire Marshal and have received the proper license or certificate of registration, or both.

2. The procedure concerning the hydrostatic testing of cylinders listed by the United States Department of Transportation is set forth in the Compressed Gas Association's pamphlet, *Methods for Hydrostatic Testing of Compressed Gas Cylinders*. The 1996 edition of the pamphlet is hereby adopted by reference. A copy of the pamphlet may be obtained from the Compressed Gas Association, 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, Virginia 20151-2923, at a price of \$43 for members and \$79 for